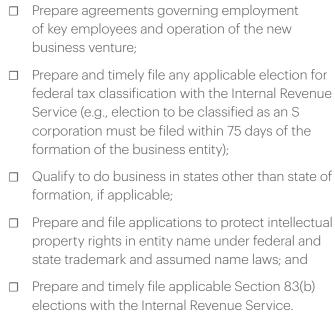


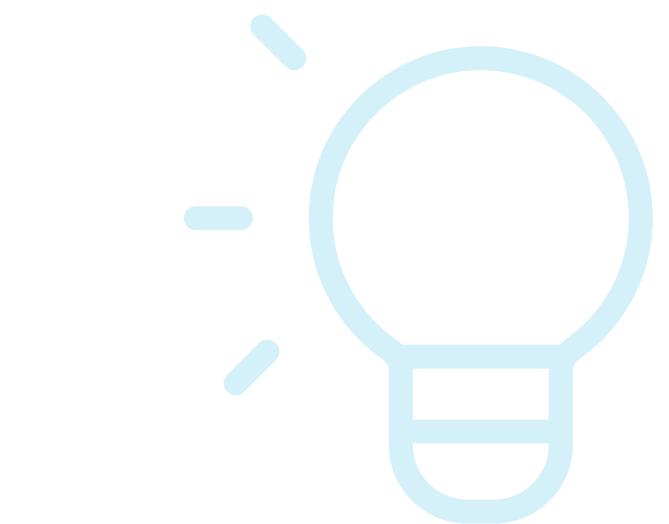
## FORMING A NEW BUSINESS ENTITY

- ☐ Select the type of entity to be formed (e.g., corporation, limited liability company, partnership);
- □ Select the state of formation;
- ☐ Select a federal tax classification:
- □ Choose a name for the business;

  Note: Alabama requires a name reservation
  certificate to be filed with the formation document
  for your new entity. Like most states, Alabama law
  restricts the use of certain terms in entity names
  related to insurance, securities, and banking
  industries, among others, and the name must be
  distinguishable on the records of the Secretary of
  State from existing entities. You should also check
  the proposed name against similar names to avoid
  confusion or possible trademark infringement.
- □ Choose a registered agent;
  Note: Alabama requires that the registered agent
  must be either a person who is a resident of
  Alabama or an entity (other than the entity to be
  formed) existing in Alabama, and the address for
  the registered office must include a physical street
  address in Alabama. A separate mailing address may
  also be provided. For all other states, you will need to
  verify the requirements.

- ☐ Prepare and file the primary formation document with the county's judge of probate where the registered agent is located (if Alabama) and/or Secretary of State (certificate of incorporation or formation);
- ☐ Obtain a federal employer identification number from the Internal Revenue Service:
- ☐ Prepare and file initial Alabama Business Privilege Tax Return (or equivalent under applicable state law) due 2½ months after the date the taxpayer is organized or qualifies to do business in Alabama;
- ☐ Prepare the primary governance document (corporate bylaws, limited liability company agreement, or partnership agreement);
- ☐ Prepare minutes of the owners and directors / managers (required for a corporation; optional for a limited liability company, or limited partnership);
- ☐ Open a bank account for the new business;
- Receive initial capital contributions (in compliance with federal and state tax and securities laws);
- ☐ Issue ownership interests (which may be certificated or uncertificated);
- ☐ Prepare agreements among owners restricting transfer of ownership interests;





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